

THE LEDGER.

THURSDAY, OCT. 19, 1893.

The Fayette Advertiser is 43 years old and one of our most valued exchanges.

Interest is increasing in both the protracted meetings being held in this city.

The interest manifested in the protracted meetings being held in Mexico is on the increase.

The Senate of the United States believe is the only body in existence where the majority does not rule.

The Mutual Insurance Company of this city has made a good start, and promises to be a most flourishing institution.

The business men of Mexico do not believe in allowing the stringency in the money market to interfere with their carrying full and complete lines of goods and advertising the same.

C. C. DAVIS is working twenty-two men in his coal shaft and taking out about 1,000 bushels of coal a day. The prospect is that in the course of a few days, when he gets the other shaft open, the output will be at least doubled.

The Henry County Democrat, published at Clinton, Mo., has been sold to Whitaker & Son, of Kansas City, who will take control at once. The Democrat has been edited and published for years by the Lingle brothers and is one of the most influential Democratic papers in the west.

There is no question but that the tax payers of Mexico are in favor of light. It may be an open question as to whether it should be furnished by the local company or whether the city should own its own plant, but one thing is sure, we should continue the light until something definite is agreed upon.

J. G. TRIMBLE, of Mexico, has been appointed by the Worshipful Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Missouri, Deputy Grand Master of the 6th district of Missouri. Mr. Trimble is one of Missouri's brightest Masons and his appointment to this most important office will meet with the hearty approval of the craft.

DEMOCRATS should not fall out among themselves. When they want to abuse anybody they should take it out on the other fellow. We feel confident that eventually the wisest and best council in reference to all kinds of legislation will prevail and that the final result will be for the best interests not only of the party but of the entire country.

At least one thousand persons from Audrain county have attended the World's Fair at an average cost of \$50 each, making a total of \$50,000. Of course this money has gone out of circulation in this county. At the same time, it only those who could afford it, it was money well spent. All who had the money to spare without robbing their creditors or their families made no mistake in attending the Fair.

The business men of Mexico have prepared for a large trade this fall and the prospect is better than looked for. The farmers of Audrain county are, as a general rule, in a prosperous condition and are prompt pay. The relations existing between the country people and the business men is most happy. Our business men sell a large amount of goods on credit but the creditors are of the very best class and appreciate the courtesies extended by our business men.

ALONG early in the silver contest conservative Democrats were very anxious for a compromise. Especially here in Missouri most of those who favored silver were very anxious to have it coined at such a ratio as to make it honest money and have plenty of it. At that time extreme silver men were "unutterably opposed" to anything except free and unlimited coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1. We are glad to know that some of those who were loudest in being "unutterable" are now in favor of a compromise.

In referring to the financial situation of the St. Louis Republic, editorially urging haste, says: "If we wait for international agreement, free coinage will wait a long time. If we wait until the country is ready to make the jump from a single gold standard to a single silver standard, free coinage will be delayed quite as long."

A bimetallic currency and a bimetallic standard are two distinct things. England has a bimetallic currency. Every country has that when it uses the two metals as currency. We have had it for years without getting any nearer to a bimetallic standard. A Senatorial compromise on a new style of bimetallic currency with no reform of the standard will leave us where we are.

Neither House is willing to vote for a single silver standard of 16 to 1. Good politics, good business and good sense combine to urge all parties to a repeal of the Sherman act. If a repeal cannot be effected under the Senatorial rules, give us the compromise and let us get along with our botched currency as best we may. Business ought to be left out of the legislative fight. If the best cannot be obtained, we would better have what is practicable and have it at once.

The debate in the Senate is getting bitter and acrimonious. It does look to us as though the matter should be submitted to a vote without any display of bad feeling among Democrats.

X. P. WILFREY, of Audrain County, is local editor of the Central Collegian, a college paper published by the students of Central College at Fayette, Mo. The Collegian is one of the best edited college papers in the State and we are glad to know it is being liberally patronized.

We clip the following from the Louisville Courier-Journal, edited by Henry Watterson: According to the showing of their own leader, Dubois, the anti-repeal Senators number only thirty-eight, while the Senators who will vote for repeal, if the issue ever reaches a vote, are forty-seven. That is why the filibusters are standing on their feet fourteen hours at a stretch reading volume after volume to kill time and prevent a vote. No wonder lunatics are threatening to blow them up with dynamite.

HON. C. F. CLARK believes in rewarding the faithful, and during this week took the members of Miss Sullivan's room of the Mexico Public School nutting. During the latter part of last year's session Miss Sullivan's room never "lowered the board," and, by the way, "lowering the board" is a capital offense among the Public School children. Mr. Clark's daughter, Fannie, was in Miss Sullivan's room and for this reason the merit of this room was called to his attention. The members of this room and the guests invited had a most enjoyable outing and are loud in their praise of Mr. Clark and his appreciation of their efforts to make good scholars.

DOWN GO THE RATES. The Rush to Chicago Will Reach High Water Mark. CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—While it is not expected that the World's Fair rush will be quite so great as it was the three days preceding Chicago Day, the traffic will be far above the nominal, multitudes of people having determined to avail themselves of the cheap rates who otherwise would not have come to the Fair at all. Passenger rates between a number of different points in the West were materially reduced on account of the reductions to the Chicago World's Fair. The combinations of locals with the reduced rates to Chicago bring about three additional reductions. From St. Paul and Minneapolis to Kansas City the rate until November 15 will be \$11.40. This rate will be available only on the direct lines by which short line one-way regular standard rates are probably applied. A rate of \$10.50 from St. Louis to St. Paul and Minneapolis will be available. This rate will apply in both directions. The rate from St. Louis to Duluth, effective from October 15 until Oct. 31, will be \$12.

Striking Miners Visit Laborers Who Would Not Join Them.

MACON, Mo., Oct. 16.—A delegation of 100 coal miners from Bevier, Ardmore, Huntsville and Higbee, visited mine No. 46, owned by the Kansas and Texas Coal Co. near Bevier this morning to persuade the eight-day men working at the mine to join them in their demands for increase in wages. The company was going to put in twelve more this morning who wanted to work. The presence of the big delegation, while no threats were made, frightened the twelve additional men so they did not go to work.

Sheriff Wilf arrived from Ardmore and ordered the whole delegation off the Coal Co.'s property. Deputy Sheriffs will be stationed at Bevier to prevent any disturbance if there is any to take place.

The Superintendent of the Kansas and Texas Coal Co. is now in Macon consulting the legal authorities and wholesale arrests will likely follow. While the miners' delegation, which visited Mine 46 this morning, consider they did nothing to cause them to be arrested, nevertheless they are alarmed over the prospect of it.

The coal company claims that the presence of the Sheriff only prevented the delegation from interfering with the day men.

Silver Legislation In Effect.

RESERVE, Kan., Oct. 14.—Please inform us, in case of unconditional repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman act, what silver legislation will be in effect. Please oblige readers of the Times.

E. W. PARKER, J. M. CECIL.

There will be left in effect those parts of the acts of 1834 and 1837 which established the ratio between gold and silver coin, and the weight and fineness of the coins, which provisions were re-enacted in 1878 by the Bland-Allison act. Also the act of 1853, which fixed the standard weight and fineness for subsidiary silver coins of less denomination than one dollar. Also the act of January, 1875, which provided for the redemption of all fractional currency with subsidiary silver coin. Also the act of 1876, which authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury at any time to buy bullion and have it coined into subsidiary silver coin to an amount that shall keep the total of such coin to an aggregate not exceeding \$50,000,000 at any time. Also the act of 1879, providing for the issue of silver certificates and raising the limit of legal tender for subsidiary silver coins (half dollars, quarters, dimes, etc.) to \$10 in any one payment, and providing for the redemption by the government in full legal tender money.

And finally, the repeal bill now before Congress leaves in force all the provisions of the Sherman law, except the purchasing clause, compelling the purchase of silver bullion.

Silver dollars, under the Sherman act, as well as the Bland-Allison act, were made full legal tender for all debts of any amount, and are made receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues. The Sherman act also authorized the Secretary to coin the silver in the Treasury and redeem the treasury notes therewith; it also declared the policy of the United States to be for the maintenance of the parity of the two metals, gold and silver. All these features of the law will be left in full force and effect by the present repeal bill, and not one dollar of our great volume of silver coin will be demonetized, but will be left full legal tender. The repeal bill simply proposes to stop increasing our stock of bullion, that is all.

The A. O. U. W. and What it is Doing.—The first Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen was instituted on the night of October 27, 1808, by John Jordan Upchurch and thirteen others. At the close of the year 1892 it embraced 4,618 lodges and 308,575 members. Up to that date it had paid benefits to the amount of \$44,570,938.89, and had distributed relief to the extent of \$1,129,126.94, besides incidental relief that it is not necessary to speak of.

Such a record entitles it to public confidence, and should inspire every member with zeal and devotion.

On the first of August, 1893, it embraced 323,147 members, which implies a liability on beneficiary accounts of \$446,274,000. But three life insurance companies in the world exceed this amount in corresponding liability, which fact places it in the front rank of associations of all kinds which pay death indemnity, and indicates the magnitude of the responsibility to those who are to become widows and orphans. The history of this order in Missouri is full of encouragement. Since its introduction in this state its membership has grown to 25,272, and it has distributed benefits to widows and orphans to the amount of \$4,273,993, and is now paying benefits at the rate of \$42,258 per annum. No institution in Missouri is doing so much to relieve the helpless.

DOWN GO THE RATES.

The Rush to Chicago Will Reach High Water Mark.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—While it is not expected that the World's Fair rush will be quite so great as it was the three days preceding Chicago Day, the traffic will be far above the nominal, multitudes of people having determined to avail themselves of the cheap rates who otherwise would not have come to the Fair at all. Passenger rates between a number of different points in the West were materially reduced on account of the reductions to the Chicago World's Fair. The combinations of locals with the reduced rates to Chicago bring about three additional reductions. From St. Paul and Minneapolis to Kansas City the rate until November 15 will be \$11.40. This rate will be available only on the direct lines by which short line one-way regular standard rates are probably applied. A rate of \$10.50 from St. Louis to St. Paul and Minneapolis will be available. This rate will apply in both directions. The rate from St. Louis to Duluth, effective from October 15 until Oct. 31, will be \$12.

Published by Request.

A Card From Rev. Mr. Schaefer.

TO FRED HAGEDORN, Mexico, Mo. WAUSAU, Wis., Oct. 12.—Dear Mr. Hagedorn: The letter found on Mr. Kieffaber's body and published in the Mexico LEDGER was for me a grievous astonishment. You have never said to me a rebuking word about him, only words of kindness and friendship, and now he closed his life with such an ambiguous letter. I am inclined to think Mr. Kieffaber insane when he wrote this letter and when he killed himself, because an honest man, as he seemed to be, would never have written such slanderous ambiguities with a sane mind. Even his mention of that note you have in possession as my agent, is a token of insanity, as you and I know that we talked about it when I was there last September. There has nothing been said about collecting said note; it was only mentioned that he owes it. I am very sorry that out of your agency leaks such absurdities. But no honest man will believe them and I hope yourself will not feel afflicted because our compassion with the dead man must stifle all hard feelings.

Hoping you have buried with Mr. Kieffaber all the trouble the dying man has brought upon you, I remain in friendship,

Yours truly, F. SCHAEFER.

The Louisville (Ky.) Courier-Journal editorially says: "Young Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, may have as reported, left the Democratic party because the Democrats of his state refused to follow him in leaving the financial plank of the Democratic platform, but we have seen no notice of his resigning his seat in Congress to which he was elected as a Democrat, by Democratic votes, and on the Democratic platform."

Henry Watterson, in the Louisville Courier-Journal, says: "The Democrats lost Indianapolis at the municipal election Tuesday. Though the issues in this instance were local, Democrats may as well begin to accustom themselves to defeats unless they pass the Repeal Bill through the Senate."

We are glad to announce to our friends and the public that our fall and winter stock is full and complete. We are now ready to show the handsome line of general dry goods, notions, cloaks, carpets, curtains, rugs and underwear to be found in Mexico; we had our entire stock cut down so low that now our stock is fresh and new. We ask you to inspect our great display of fresh and new merchandise.

AMUSEMENTS.

C. F. KELLY, formerly of the firm of Dyke & Kelly, plumbers of this city, has returned from an extended trip through southwest Missouri. He says he finds no place he likes better than Mexico.

The American Express Company is short \$50,000 in currency. The money disappeared en route between New York and New Orleans.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT MATTER.

Councilman Jno. M. Davis Gives His Reasons for Shutting Off the Electric Lights.

To the Editor of the Ledger.

BOONVILLE, Mo., October 16.—Believing the proper way to get the electric lighting question before the citizens of our town properly is to agitate it, I herewith submit some points of interest. I was induced to offer the resolution in the Council at the last meeting, making the peremptory order to shut off the lights, for the reasons:

First. The town has very poor service and owing to the present distribution of lights, is virtually in the dark.

Second. The Council, after it had read the ordinance the second time, submitting to a vote the proposition which was agreed to by the Council and the Electric Light Company, became convinced from expressions on the street that it would not carry, and abandoned it.

Third. The Council was unanimous in deciding that we were paying too much for our present system of lighting, and that the money could be used to better advantage in street improvement, thereby giving employment to the host of laboring men who would otherwise be unable to support themselves and their families through the coming winter.

As to the best plan for supplying the city with cheap lighting, I am as yet undecided, but am persuaded the committee is pursuing the proper course in securing information that will be of service to them in adjusting this very knotty question. Have received letters from Albany, Macon, Marshall, Kirksville, Fayette, Pierce City and St. Charles and expect many others on the subject, which will be put in the form of an abstract and submitted to the people at the proper time.

I don't think I am called on as a representative of the people of the Second Ward to consider the claims of the gentlemen who compose the Electric Light Company for a moment. I have the highest regard for their enterprise, and am disposed, as my record will show, to give them every opportunity to prosecute their work in our town. But when I find the same company charging us \$84 per year and Marshall \$80 for arc lights, when the conditions are in favor of Mexico on account of cheap fuel, I am constrained to ask why is this. I hope by the next meeting of the Council we may arrive to some definite and intelligent conclusion in the matter. J. M. DAVIS.

UNABLE TO VISIT CHICAGO.

The President Will Not for Good Reasons Close the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—It seems now certain that the President and Mrs. Cleveland, will not visit the World's Fair before its close, as it was hoped they would. A few days ago President Higginbotham of the Exposition company wrote a letter to the President cordially and earnestly urging him and Mrs. Cleveland to attend, but the President in a letter sent to Mr. Higginbotham on Saturday announced that he was unable to leave the city at this time.

A Brief Texas Letter.

Correspondence of the Ledger.

MARLBAN, TEXAS, Oct. 16.—I am glad that Audrain county is in the lead with fine horses. I saw in the LEDGER last week that Mr. J. A. Potts took four first premiums in the show and saddle rings with Artist and Miss Rex and two others. I heard that Old Montrose was sold and taken back to Kentucky where he came from. It is a shame to let such a good horse leave Missouri.

We are here with some of our stock yet. Times are harder here than we expected to see them. The cotton crop is not as good as the people thought it would be. It will average one-half a bale to the acre here in Falls county. There is an artesian well here and the water is so hot that it will almost burn one's flesh. We will be back to good old Audrain about the first of November. J. WENLEY FOX.

We are pleased to announce that French & Garrett, our enterprising druggists have secured the agency for the Japanese Pile Cure; a most wonderful discovery for the cure of hemorrhoids, by Democratic votes, and on the Democratic platform."

Henry Watterson, in the Louisville Courier-Journal, says: "The Democrats lost Indianapolis at the municipal election Tuesday. Though the issues in this instance were local, Democrats may as well begin to accustom themselves to defeats unless they pass the Repeal Bill through the Senate."

We are glad to announce to our friends and the public that our fall and winter stock is full and complete. We are now ready to show the handsome line of general dry goods, notions, cloaks, carpets, curtains, rugs and underwear to be found in Mexico; we had our entire stock cut down so low that now our stock is fresh and new. We ask you to inspect our great display of fresh and new merchandise.

AMUSEMENTS.

C. F. KELLY, formerly of the firm of Dyke & Kelly, plumbers of this city, has returned from an extended trip through southwest Missouri. He says he finds no place he likes better than Mexico.

The American Express Company is short \$50,000 in currency. The money disappeared en route between New York and New Orleans.

AMUSEMENTS.

C. F. KELLY, formerly of the firm of Dyke & Kelly, plumbers of this city, has returned from an extended trip through southwest Missouri. He says he finds no place he likes better than Mexico.

The American Express Company is short \$50,000 in currency. The money disappeared en route between New York and New Orleans.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, CORSETS, KID GLOVES, YARN MITTENS, CASHMERE GLOVES,

MILLINERY

Embroidery Silks, Linen and Cotton.

Hair Pins, Needles, Pins and Thread.

Hose Supporters, Hoods and Fascinators.

Ribbons, Yarns and Zephyrs.

THE LARGEST STOCK, THE BEST SELECTIONS, THE LOWEST PRICES,

AT HALL & ROSAMOND'S, RINGO CORNER.

A Carnival of Burglary.

VANDALIA, Mo., Oct. 14.—Considerable excitement prevails here over a succession of burglaries that have been committed within a very few days. About a week ago Read & Coons' hardware store was burglarized and robbed of several hundred dollars worth of pocket-knives and pistols. Wednesday night of this week J. Y. Gentle's drug store was broken open and all the money in the drawer carried off. Thursday night A. W. Robinson's drug store was burglarized, but the thieves were frightened away before they succeeded in capturing the booty which they were after. Friday night burglars were discovered in Blackburn & Jamison's drug store by one of the proprietors, Mr. Jamison, who rushed into the store, turned on the electric lights and commenced firing on the burglars, who vanished through the back window and into the darkness in an instant. Curiously enough, there is no clear as to who the guilty parties are.

FARMERS WANT LEGISLATION.

An Extra Session of the Missouri General Assembly Asked For.

CARTHAGE, Mo., October 14.—A meeting of farmers was held today in this city for the purpose of discussing the advisability of petitioning Gov. Stone to convene the Legislature that a stay law may be passed, to enable the people, and especially the farmers, to tide over the present financial stringency.

Editor Millhollan of the Western Critic suggested the propriety of having similar meetings in every county in the State. A committee was appointed to formulate an appeal and to obtain a larger attendance. An adjournment was taken for three weeks to await the action of the Farmers' Alliance. The farmers present intimated that owing to the low prices received for crops, as well as shortage, it will be impossible to meet taxes and interest and maintain homes, and therefore such action was attempted to-day was imperative.

BARTHS BIG BARGAINS.

Immense Stock in Store at Prices That Will Astonish Purchasers.

St. Louis, Oct. 17.—No heavy export steers were offered and most of the shipping cattle consisted of light weights. Shipping and export steers sold at \$4.60a\$5. Dressed beef, butchers and light shipping steers went at \$23a\$24. Several bunches of feeders at \$2.35a\$3.40. Stockers ranged from \$1.40 to \$2.40. Cows sold at \$1.25a\$1.50. Some heifers went at \$1.90a\$3.55. Calves sold by the head at \$3.50a\$5.75, and by the cwt. at \$4.25a\$5. Bulls went at \$1a\$2.75. Some oxen were sold at \$2.95. Milch cows sold at \$13a\$30 per head. Springers went at \$2.12a\$2.65.

Hogs—Butcher hogs sold at \$6.55a\$6.65; coarse to good packers went at \$6a\$6.50. The best of light grades went at \$6.60a\$6.65. Most of the heavy hogs ranged from \$6.55 to \$6.60. The common and of the market sold at \$5a\$5.50. The close was 15c lower than Monday.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Business moved very slowly, and only a few sales of native cattle were made. Good 1129-pound Kansas steers sold at \$4.80, and some extra nice fat 1076-pound steers sold at \$4.70, while plenty of 1400-pound cattle sold nearly \$1 lower than that.

Hogs—Mixed hogs sold largely at \$6.30a\$6.55, with inferior down to \$6.10 and fancy up to \$6.75. The range of prices for heavy hogs was \$6.45a\$6.55, with butchers at \$6.60a\$6.65; rough heavy packers \$6.60a\$6.65; and the bulk of the heavy hogs at \$6.20a\$6.40. Light sold at \$6.10a\$6.80.

Eld. Northcutt's Meeting.

The meeting at the Christian church is still in progress and the interest is increasing and widening. Many who for years have not thought seriously upon the subject of religion are giving it a close study. Elder Northcutt's plain, unostentatious way of presenting his theme reaches the heart and is working wonders in our city. We have never seen a more promising time for a general upheaval on church matters. Let the good work go on and the two gospel batteries now storming Satan's strongholds continue the telling fire.

Hon. J. M. Barker is home from St. Louis, where he went on legal business. He won the case of Wharf vs. the contractors of the Grand Avenue High School Building in St. Louis and secured a \$500 fee. Mr. Barker was attorney for the plaintiff.

Dr. C. A. Rothwell, after a visit to the World's Fair and Niagara Falls, has arrived in New York City where he will take a thorough post-graduate course in medicine and surgery.

Urban Weimer and wife are home from an extended visit to the World's Fair. Mr. Weimer was delighted with his visit and says that he is sure no person who has good eyes and good ears can make a mistake in seeing and hearing what they have on exhibition at Chicago during the Fair.

Ladies underwear, hosiery, corsets, handkerchiefs, zephyrs and yarns at Blum's.

Radical Action Probable.

THE PRESIDENT MAY SEND THE CONGRESSMEN HOME TO THEIR PEOPLE.

Dissolution of the Extra Session Before Many Days Not At All Unlikely—How The Action May Be Taken.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—It need not surprise the country if this week or the next the end of this extra session of Congress should come. The possibility of so speedy an adjournment may surprise many, but there is much more than an even chance that the adjournment will come and that in the meantime Congress will continue its do nothing policy.

The situation to-day is this: If it lies within the power of the friends of the administration in Congress to bring to an end this anomalous situation, it will speedily be done. Speaker Crisp has already told his special friends in the House that they must hustle to a conclusion before Saturday any legislation in which they are mightily interested. No other note of alarm has been sounded. If the administration can hold in line enough of the House repealers to carry a motion fixing an immediate date for adjournment it will be done before Saturday. The resolution, if adopted, will be sent to the Senate where it becomes a question of the highest privilege for neither House can adjourn for more than three days without the consent of the other. There is no question but that the Senate would refuse assent to such a proposition. In that event section 3 of article 2 of the constitution which provides that in case of disagreement between the houses with respect to the time of adjournment the President may adjourn them to such time as he may see fit becomes operative and it is the present purpose of the President to do what never yet in the history of the republic has been done—adjourn Congress.

"It never has been done yet," say certain sticklers for precedent. President Cleveland never has consulted precedents; he makes them. One is about to be made if the house hold true. It must be confessed that that is a question. But the chances are in favor of an affirmative solution.

SMALL SHOW FOR COMPROMISE.

Senators, especially Republican senators, are anxious to go to their states and lift their convincing voices. Hale has gone. Sherman and Allison will go in a day or two and so will many of the others.

Yesterday compromises of the silver purchase fight wilted like a rose leaf of silver before a blow pipe. Where every man had his own pet solution and clung to it as the sure solvent of all difficulties and dangers, not much was to be gained by admixtures of opposing legislative chemicals. At midnight no agreement of any kind had been arrived at.

Live Stock Market.

St. Louis, Oct. 17.—No heavy export steers were offered and most of the shipping cattle consisted of light weights. Shipping and export steers sold at \$4.60a\$5. Dressed beef, butchers and light shipping steers went at \$23a\$24. Several bunches of feeders at \$2.35a\$3.40. Stockers ranged from \$1.40 to \$2.40. Cows sold at \$1.25a\$1.50. Some heifers went at \$1.90a\$3.55. Calves sold by the head at \$3.50a\$5.75, and by the cwt. at \$4.25a\$5. Bulls went at \$1a\$2.75. Some oxen were sold at \$2.95. Milch cows sold at \$13a\$30 per head. Springers went at \$2.12a\$2.65.

Hogs—Butcher hogs sold at \$6.55a\$6.65; coarse to good packers went at \$6a\$6.50. The best of light grades went at \$6.60a\$6.65. Most of the heavy hogs ranged from \$6.55 to \$6.60. The common and of the market sold at \$5a\$5.50. The close was 15c lower than Monday.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Business moved very slowly, and only a few sales of native cattle were made. Good 1129-pound Kansas steers sold at \$4.80, and some extra nice fat 1076-pound steers sold at \$4.70, while plenty of 1400-pound cattle sold nearly \$1 lower than that.

Hogs—Mixed hogs sold largely at \$6.30a\$6.55, with inferior down to \$6.10 and fancy up to \$6.75. The range of prices for heavy hogs was \$6.45a\$6.55, with butchers at \$6.60a\$6.65; rough heavy packers \$6.60a\$6.65; and the bulk of the heavy hogs at \$6.20a\$6.40. Light sold at \$6.10a\$6.80.

Eld. Northcutt's Meeting.

The meeting at the Christian church is still in progress and the interest is increasing and widening. Many who for years have not thought seriously upon the subject of religion are giving it a close study. Elder Northcutt's plain, unostentatious way of presenting his theme reaches the heart and is working wonders in our city. We have never seen a more promising time for a general upheaval on church matters. Let the good work go on and the two gospel batteries now storming Satan's strongholds continue the telling fire.

Hon. J. M. Barker is home from St. Louis, where he went on legal business. He won the case of Wharf vs. the contractors of the Grand Avenue High School Building in St. Louis and secured a \$500 fee. Mr. Barker was attorney for the plaintiff.

Dr. C. A. Rothwell, after a visit to the World's Fair and Niagara Falls, has arrived in New York City where he will take a thorough post-graduate course in medicine and surgery.

Urban Weimer and wife are home from an extended visit to the World's Fair. Mr. Weimer was delighted with his visit and says that he is sure no person who has good eyes and good ears can make a mistake in seeing and hearing what they have on exhibition at Chicago during the Fair.

Ladies underwear, hosiery, corsets, handkerchiefs, zephyrs and yarns at Blum's.

DON'T SIT IDLE KEEP PUSHING!

Keep pushing! 'Tis wiser than sitting aside And sighing and watching and waiting the tide; In life's earnest battle they only prevail Who daily march onward and ne'er say fail.

We have marched to the tune of Hard Times and bought our stock at Rock Bottom Prices and will dish it out to you at Bed Rock. Come and see us and let us show you How Cheap we can sell you Good Goods at Shoddy Prices. Look at our Dress Goods and Trimmings, Staple and Fancy Goods, Notions and Hosiery, and save your soles by buying of us your Boots and Shoes. We handle the Best and will make you Lower Prices than anybody. Our line of School Shoes is very large and complete in all grades. Clothing! You would think we had visited a fire and got our goods for nothing when you get our prices. Hats and Caps in great variety. Groceries! We are selling too many and don't care to say anything about them. Yours For Trade.

Turner, Jackson & Co.,

East Side of the Public Square.

We Do'em ALL UP On GOODS AT LOW PRICES. All Goods are Cut Down TO THE VERY LOWEST NOTCH. Clothing Must Go! REGARDLESS OF COST! TEMPLE OF ECONOMY, Opposite East Front Door of Court House, Mexico, Missouri.

J. F. LLEWELLYN, WEST SIDE SQUARE.